

Delegates of the Security Council,

As one of the six main organs of the United Nations, the Security Council (SC) works towards promoting peace, resolving conflicts around the world, fostering friendly diplomatic relations, and working to harmonize the actions of the entire United Nations' many committees. It is composed of 15 members, of which 5 are permanent member states with veto power: The United States, Russia, China, France, and the United Kingdom; as well as 10 temporary nations that change every year.

The SC is unique as it is the only UN committee with binding resolutions, meaning failing to implement them can result in real-world repercussions. As a result, the SC is essential in ensuring that the UN can have practical, real-world impacts; it often discusses some of the most challenging topics where violence is an everyday occurrence. The SC has access to many resources, such as UN peacekeepers, whom they often use to preserve peace around the world in peacekeeper missions, notably missions such as MONUSCO, UNIFIL, and UNFICYP.

Moreover, SC is one of two committees, along with the Advisory Panel, which is ad-hoc, meaning requests for follow-ups aren't required, and delegates can keep questioning until stopped by the chair, leading to many fiery debates. The SC is also the only committee in AMMUN where delegates can declare war against other delegates, leading to high-stakes debate. Moreover, the SC is the only committee where delegates have the right to reply if they are explicitly talked about by another delegate to defend themselves.

The theme of "Deliberate to Liberate" is truly incredibly important in today's world. It emphasizes the need for good-faith debate among nations and the importance of prioritizing the liberty of nations. Delegates in AMMUN have a unique chance to shape a brighter world for all by prioritizing people above all.

Sincerely,

Laith Al-Wir

President of the Security Council